ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 1169

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Representatives Peterson, Griffey, Goodman, Ortiz-Self, and Pollet Read first time 01/16/19. Referred to Committee on Local Government.

- AN ACT Relating to clarifying reimbursement for certain clean-up or removal actions by fire protection jurisdictions; adding a new section to chapter 52.30 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter
- 4 35.103 RCW.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 52.30 7 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) A fire service jurisdiction is entitled to recover from any 8 liable party the reasonable costs associated with the cleanup or 9 10 removal of hazardous waste and other hazardous materials, including 11 debris or vehicle operating fluids, when responding to an incident on private or public property, including public roadways. A liable party 12 must submit the reasonable costs from the jurisdiction or its 13 designee, for the jurisdiction's cleanup or removal services, to any 14 15 insurer that provides the coverage for property damage in which they 16 become legally obligated or responsible for causing. If a liable party does not submit the invoice or bill for the reasonable costs 17 received from the jurisdiction or its designee to their insurer 18 within fourteen days of receipt of an invoice or bill, then the 19 20 jurisdiction or its designee may directly submit the claim to the 21 liable party's insurer for consideration of policy coverage. If

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- 1 coverage is found within a liable party's insurance policy, the insurer may issue payment directly to the jurisdiction and apply the 2 claim expense to the policy's limit of liability. If there are 3 multiple liable parties involved, the jurisdiction may only recover 4 the proportional amount of liability legally determined for each 5 6 party. The jurisdiction may not recover from any one liable party, or 7 all liable parties combined, more than the actual costs incurred with the cleanup and removal of the hazardous waste and other hazardous 8 materials, including debris or vehicle operating fluids, 9 responding to an incident on private or public property, including 10 11 public roadways.
- 12 (2) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions 13 apply:
 - (a) "Incident" means an unplanned, unintentional action or situation and that necessitates a fire service jurisdiction response, including but not limited to a motor vehicle accident, hazardous material spill, unauthorized burn, boating accident, or airplane crash.
 - (b) "Insurer" means the same as defined in RCW 48.01.050.

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- 20 (c) "Vehicle" means any mode of transportation operated by a 21 liable party and involved in an incident, including but not limited 22 to automobiles, trucks, boats, aircraft, trains, and motorbikes.
- 23 (d) "Liable party" means a person or entity that is legally 24 obligated or responsible for causing an incident.
- 25 (e) "Fire service jurisdiction" or "jurisdiction" means a fire 26 protection district or regional fire protection service authority.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 35.103 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) A municipal fire department, or department, is entitled to recover from any liable party the reasonable costs associated with the cleanup or removal of hazardous waste and other hazardous materials, including debris or vehicle operating fluids, when responding to an incident on private or public property, including public roadways. A liable party must submit the reasonable costs from the department or its designee, for the department's cleanup or removal services, to any insurer that provides the coverage for property damage in which they become legally obligated or responsible for causing. If a liable party does not submit the invoice or bill for the reasonable costs received from the department or its designee

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to their insurer within fourteen days of receipt of an invoice or 1 bill, then the department or its designee may directly submit the 2 claim to the liable party's insurer for consideration of policy 3 coverage. If coverage is found within a liable party's insurance 4 policy, the insurer may issue payment directly to the department and 5 6 apply the claim expense to the policy's limit of liability. If there are multiple liable parties involved, the department may only recover 7 the proportional amount of liability legally determined for each 8 party. The department may not recover from any one liable party, or 9 all liable parties combined, more than the actual costs incurred with 10 11 the cleanup and removal of the hazardous waste and other hazardous 12 materials, including debris or vehicle operating fluids, when responding to an incident on private or public property, including 13 public roadways. 14

15 (2) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions 16 apply:

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- (a) "Incident" means an unplanned, unintentional action or situation and that necessitates a fire service jurisdiction response, including but not limited to a motor vehicle accident, hazardous material spill, unauthorized burn, boating accident, or airplane crash.
 - (b) "Insurer" means the same as defined in RCW 48.01.050.
- (c) "Vehicle" means any mode of transportation operated by a liable party and involved in an incident, including but not limited to automobiles, trucks, boats, aircraft, trains, and motorbikes.
- 26 (d) "Liable party" means a person or entity that is legally 27 obligated or responsible for causing an incident.

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